

Year 2– Summer Term

Happy Holidays

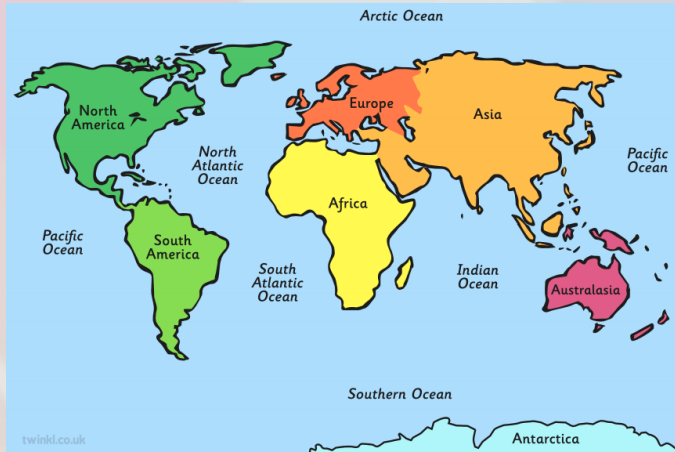
Knowledge Organiser



Geography Knowledge

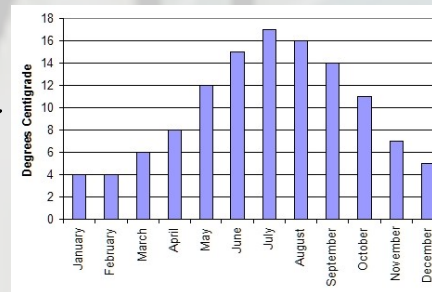
Continents and Oceans

The names of the seven continents are: Europe, Africa, North America, South America, Australia (in the wider region of Oceania), Asia, Antarctica. The names of the five oceans are: Pacific Ocean, Indian Ocean, Atlantic Ocean, Southern Ocean, Arctic Ocean. Continents can be located on a range of maps and globes.



Weather patterns in the United Kingdom

It's pleasant during the summer months and a slightly cold during the winter. Most people in England own an umbrella - indicating that rain is not uncommon.



Weston Super Mare and Moi's Bridge Kenya

Weston-super-Mare, also known as Weston, is a seaside town in Somerset, England. The human geography consists of roads, houses, shops, pier, beach, train station and a port. The physical geography of Weston consists of an ocean, beach, mountain, woods, and a cliff.

The geographical features of Moi's bridge, Kenya are (Human: bridge, dirt tracks, houses, church, school, quarry, factory. Physical: River, soil, lake, farmland, coast)



Vocabulary

Sea - A salty water that covers large parts of the Earth's surface.

Ocean - A very large area of sea.

Pier - A structure built over the water.

Beach - An area of small stones near the sea.

Port - A town by the sea or river that has a harbour.

Mountain - A raised part of the Earth's surface, larger than a hill.

Woods - An area of land covered with a thick growth of trees.

Cliff - A high area of rock with a steep side.

Bridge - A structure built over a river, road or railway to cross from one side to the other.

Dirt tracks - A rough track of soil for racing bikes or horses.

Quarry - A large artificial hole in the ground.

Factory - A building where large amounts of goods are made using machines.

River - A natural wide flow of fresh water across the land.

Lake - A large area of water surrounded by land.

Farmland - Land that is used for farming.

Coast Land - Next to or close to the sea.

Living memory - Remembered by some people who are still alive.

Reasons - The cause of an event.

Change - To make or become different.

Advance - To go or move forward.

Needle - A thin metal pin used in sewing.

Thread - Very thin fibre.

Puppet - A toy you can move with your hands.

Button - A circular object used to fasten a shirt or coat.

Sew - To join two pieces of cloth together.

Craft maker - Skilled in making objects.

Sculpture - Art in a 3D form.

History Knowledge

Today, Most people like to go abroad for a seaside holiday because it is quite cheap and very sunny for sunbathing. Most Back in the 1920's, people would go to a British seaside, such as Blackpool because flying to another country wasn't an option.

Sunbathing wasn't in fashion back then, so people would go to the beach fully clothed. 'Sea bathing' was done instead. Beaches were also a lot cleaner as there was not as many packaged foods and snacks. These were carriages in which the women would change in to their bathing costumes. A horse would then pull it towards the sea and the women would lower themselves in to it without being seen.

Some things have not changed, people still love eating ice cream and building sandcastles! Advances in transport, such as the invention of the Jet Engine have altered holiday destinations. It is now easier to fly to different countries to go on holiday.



Art Knowledge

Andy Goldsworthy is an artist and craft maker in Contemporary Art and two of his famous art installations are Red Leaf Patch (1983) and Pebble Spiral (1985). He uses natural items in nature to create his work.

Art can be presented in a variety of ways, including by sculpture, which is art in a 3D form. Objects can be combined to create sculptures and photography and nature can be used.



Design and Technology Knowledge

There are different types of puppets- hand (Sooty and Sweep, muppets), finger, Marionette (Andy Pandy). These puppets are made differently and achieve different effects when used.

Seaside puppet shows were a popular form of entertainment in the past and in fact, one famous puppet show (Punch and Judy) was designed by an Italian called Pietro Cimonde. Samuel Pepys watched the first English performance of a well-known puppet show back before the 'Fire of London'. We know this because it was written in his diary. There is also a plaque in Covent Garden, London today. Puppet shows were also a form of entertainment in the 1920's and glove puppetry was increasingly popular.

When designing, a designer uses a mock-up first, which is a model created to test out a design. In the making process the tools and equipment used are scissors, glue, thread, needle and template to perform practical tasks such as: cutting, sewing, sticking, joining and finishing. A needle and thread can be used for sewing eyes onto the puppet.

